



# PERSONAL UNDERSTANDING OF DEAFNESS P.U.D.

A specialised curriculum for hearing impaired children aged 3-16, to promote independence and self confidence







#### Introduction

The Personal Understanding of Deafness (PUD programme) was developed over a number of years to address the specific social, communication confidence and self-esteem needs of children with a significant hearing loss. It is designed to accommodate children who

- Use a variety of aids hearing aids, cochlear implants, BAHAs
- Use a different communication modes
- Attend a variety of educational placements.

Consequently it is skeletal in its structure to allow for flexibility of planning and delivery.

The motivation to develop the programme grew from

- a recognition of common issues that often arise for deaf children through their school years;
- a need to prepare them for adult life as a deaf person,
- a desire to ensure they are confident young people who understand the nature of their own deafness and how it will impact on their lives within a hearing world.

#### **Aims**

The PUD programme aims to help teachers of the deaf to deliver a programme that will enable children and young people to:



- Be confident with who they are as a deaf person
- Understand the nature of their deafness and the impact it will have on their lives
- Understand how hearing people communicate and use auditory information
- Accept the responsibility for ensuring effective communication and knowing how to help people to adapt
- Feel confident to move on from someone who is not prepared to make adaptations
- Understand the hearing aid technology they use, know how to maintain it and to be aware of other technologies that can help
- Know and understand the role of the different professionals they will encounter
- Manage times of transition effectively
- Remain safe

As real-life situations occur the programme objectives can be used to reinforce the learning opportunity created. These are often the most valuable experiences so it is important to ensure they are fully utilised.







The PUD programme consists of 5 strands, each of which consists of a set of progressive learning objectives.

1. Independent Management of Audiological Equipment A checklist of audiological management skills, including a range of technologies

2. Knowledge of Personal Hearing Loss

To develop an understanding of how ears work and their own specific hearing loss

3. Deaf and Hearing awareness

To develop and understanding of the differences between how deaf and hearing people communicate

- 4. Confidence and Understanding to Ensure Effective Communication

  To develop the skills to enable them to anticipate, understand and resolve communication difficulties
- Transition

To understand the particular needs their deafness brings at periods of transition

N.B. Issues of safety particular to deafness are embedded throughout the strands.

The programme objectives are designed to be used in a flexible manner so could be delivered:

- Individually by a peripatetic teacher of the deaf
- To a small group of pupils attending resourced or specialist provision
- To a small group of children attending different schools brought together on an occasional or regular basis

#### Strand 1 (Individual Management of Audiological Equipment)

This strand is different from the other 4 and is in the nature of a checklist that can be used to monitor an individual child's progress. Objectives could be used a part of pupil's short-term target setting or part of a more structured programme.

Alternatively, small groups of pupils could undertake a series workshops that considers different aspects of technology management as identified in the checklist







#### Strands 2 - 5,

These are arranged in key stages, can easily form part of an individual or small group teaching programme, such as in the example below:

### **Example of group planning:**

	Objectives	Activities	Resources
Tuesday 12.9	To be able to explain how an ear works.  To understand how sound travels through the air and is affected by the environment.	Demonstration using the 'How the ear works!' resources Looking at model of the ear Demonstrations on the pc Labelling pictures of the ear	Ear box Model of ear PC Ear Pictures
Mon 18.9	To begin to develop strategies, with support, that will enable them to participate in a group conversation or activity.	Exploring ways of meeting people and telling them you are deaf. Joint discussion to generate ideas recording on a flip chart Role play in pairs with support Demonstrate role play and discuss KS2 record some of ideas	Flip Chart and coloured pens
Tues 26.9	To be familiar with an audiogram and that it shows what they can hear.	Using audiometer demonstrate how an audiogram is generated Pictures of audiograms Poster of audiogram with pictures to illustrate sounds Demonstration on pc Colour an audiogram picture KS1, Colour and label and audiogram KS2	Poster of Audiogram PC web sites Audiometer Audiogram pictures
Mon 2.10	To begin to develop strategies, with support, that will enable them to participate in a group conversation or activity.	Lip Reading Sharing ideas about why we lip-read, why it is important and then what makes it easy Using info generated each child, with varying amounts of support to produce a poster/leaflet to present to class teachers which explains how to make lip reading easy	Flip chart  Lap tops





The methods of achieving the learning objectives will vary and depend on individual children and circumstances. Activities could include

- Discussion
- Role play
- Visits and visitors
- Making books and diaries
- Use of the internet
- Software programmes
- Video



Throughout, the aim of the PUD programme is to develop children's self-awareness, knowledge and confidence. Sessions should therefore encourage open discussion and exploration of the issues, however sensitive, in a safe environment.

#### Ideas for resources

Many schools and services have developed resources that could form part of this programme and are designed to meet the needs of specific individuals and groups of children. It is important that the activities and materials are carefully chosen to ensure the objectives can be met for each individual and their particular set of experiences.

Below are a list of some resources that have been useful in implementing the PUD programme, there will be many more

#### Resources include:

Ear models and diagrams
Wipe-clean audiograms
Audiometers, sound level meters, test boxes
Hearing aid / Cochlear Implant / BAHA maintenance kits
Posters
Computer demonstrations
Diaries

#### **Examples of Published resources:**

Early Support Materials SEALS RNID technology catalogue Manufacturers' catalogues NDCS various resources NDCS / NSPCC safety booklet







#### Examples of Software/ web-based resources

Soundfield Tutorial (Phonic Ear)
Understanding of hearing (Oticon)
How a cochlear implant works (Cochlear)

#### **Websites**

Phonak www.phonak.co.uk
Oticon www.oticon.co.uk
Phonic Ear www.phonicear.com
PC Werth www.pcwerth.co.uk
Connevans www.connevans.com
Cochlear www.cochlear.com

Advanced Bionics www.advancedbionics.com

Med-el www.medel.com

Early Support www.earlysupport.org.uk

NDCS www.ndcs.org.uk RNID www.rnid.org.ul

Ear Foundation www.earfoundation.org.uk
Connexions www.connexions-direct.com.uk

#### Visits and visitors:

Local Audiologist, SALT, ENT consultant
Deaf Adults
Hearing Dogs
Local supplier of technical equipment in the home
Social Workers
Connexions

Cinema / church to test loop systems
Other educational provision
Clinics
Shops etc to practice communication and interaction









## Personal Understanding of Deafness Strand 1: Independent Management of Audiological Equipment

This form should be completed by the ToD in discussion with parents, child/student and educational audiologist.

Please put the date in the boxes as skill level achieved.

#### Competence Levels:

- 1 = skill introduced
- 2 = skill emerging
- 3 = skill established

	1	2	3
Hearing aid and earmould management			
Sits still while aids inserted			
Accepts hearing aid for short periods of time			
Wears aids for about half the day			
Wears aids all the time			
Removes aids without switching off			
Switches aid off when removed			
Assists adult in placing moulds in ears			
Places moulds in ears with minimum of help			
Places moulds in ears and aid behind ear			
Knows not to put batteries or hearing aid in mouth			
Switches hearing aids on without reminder			
Alerts adult if the hearing aids are not working			
Assists adult in cleaning earmoulds			
Can clean own earmoulds			
Can store hearing aids safely at bedtime			
Can change batteries			
Knows to dispose of batteries responsibly			
Assists with test box checks			
Can name parts of hearing aid			
Has language to describe faults			
Understands the different programmes on the hearing aid			
Can re-tube own earmould			
Knows where to get new batteries			
Knows how to arrange new earmould appointment			
Can go to hospital independently for impressions			
Understands what to do if hearing aid broken			







BAHA® Bone conduction aid management  ®BAHA is registered to Cochlear		
Accepts baha® for short periods of time when attached by adult		
Wears baha® all the time when attached by adult		
Can attach processor independently		
Knows how to switch the processor on and off		
Knows not to put batteries or processor in mouth		
Knows how to keep the abutment clean		
Switches processor on without reminder		
Alerts adult if the processor is not working		
Can store processor safely at bedtime		
Can change batteries		
Knows to dispose of batteries responsibly		
Has language to describe faults		
Understands the different programmes on the processor		
Knows where to get new batteries		
Understands what to do if the processor is broken		
Cochlear Implants		
Informs adult when coil falls off		
Replaces coil by self		
Alerts adult if processor not working		
Knows not to put batteries or processor in mouth		
Puts processor on and switches on with help		
Puts processor on by self and switches on independently		
Knows how to activate the loop setting		
Names parts of processor		
Understands programmes and how to use		
Can change batteries by self		
Knows to dispose of batteries responsibly		
Knows the importance of using the correct leads when attaching processor to mains equipment		
Is aware of sources of static electricity and why this should be avoided		
Can contact implant centre for spares or ask adult to do this		
FM Systems		
Puts FM receiver around waist (body warn system)		
Attaches shoes or reciever to hearing aid / CI		











#### Personal Understanding of Deafness Strand 2: Knowledge of personal hearing loss

Please put the date in the boxes as skill level achieved.

Competence Levels: 1 = skill introduced

2 = skill emerging 3 = skill established

	1	2	3
Key Stage 1			
To have an awareness that different children hear in different ways			
To be familiar with an audiogram and that it shows what they can			
hear			
To understand that children use their ears for hearing and that their			
hearing aids and or cochlear implant helps them with this.			
To be aware that sound appears to get quieter as you get further			
away from the sound source.			
To understand it is important to tell an adult if their ears hurt.			
To know the name of 'their' teacher of the hearing impaired			
Key Stage 2			
To understand that different people have different degrees or types of			
hearing loss.			
To be able to understand an audiogram and explain simply what it			
means			
To understand how sound travels through the air and is affected by			
the environment.			
To be able to explain how an ear works.			
To begin to understand how a cochlear implant or hearing aid works			
to improve their access to sound.			
To know how to take care of their ears by keeping their ear moulds			
clean and alerting their parents to potential wax and ear infections.			
To have a simple understanding of any surgical/medical procedures			
connected with their hearing loss.			
To be aware of the impact of their hearing difficulties on road safety			
To be aware that noise is often used as an alarm signal, that they			
may not hear or recognise, especially when not using their hearing			
technology			
To know that there are various sources of help/support eg. teacher of			
the hearing impaired, ISW, audiologist			
Key Stage 3 and 4			
To be able to understand an audiogram fully and be able to explain			
what implications this has for hearing different speech sounds.			
To be able to explain how an ear works in detail and how their ears			
function.			
To be able to explain how their hearing aid or cochlear implant works;			
what it provides and how this compare with normal hearing.			
To know the possible causes of their deafness if appropriate and any			
long term prognosis this may involve.			
To be responsible for seeking medical advice in relation to ear			







problems.		
To be able to explain any surgical/medical procedures connected		
with their hearing loss		
To be aware of the impact of their hearing difficulties on their		
personal safety when out		
To take responsibility for their own safety in new situations eg.		
Location of fire exits, ability to hear alarms		
To be confident to inform people of their specific safety needs in new		
situations.		
To understand the roles of different professionals and support		
services, including the adult services that may be of use to them in		
the future.		





## Personal Understanding of Deafness Strand 3: Deaf and *Hearing* Awareness

Please put the date in the boxes as skill level achieved.

Competence Levels: 1 = skill introduced

2 = skill emerging 3 = skill established

	1	2	3
Key Stage 1			
To understand they need to get someone's attention and make sure			
they can see their face clearly before they start a conversation.			
To understand that some rooms are hard to hear in.			
To be able to alert a deaf person in an age appropriate way.			
To have an awareness of different modes of communication.			
To understand that hearing people don't always need to look at each			
other to be able to communicate.			
To know that hearing people are aware of people approaching			
without seeing them.			
To know that hearing people may respond to sounds out of the			
immediate context or hearing range of the child with a hearing loss.			
Key Stage 2			
To be able to list and explain the main aids to lip reading.			
To know that room acoustics influence how easy it is to communicate			
with others.			
To know a range of appropriate ways to alert and communicate with			
a deaf person.			
To understand the different modes of communication including BSL,			
SSE and spoken language and how they can be used.			
To understand that hearing people are able to access visual and			
aural information simultaneously.			
To know that misunderstandings can occur if the hearing person			
does not appreciate the need for visual clues (-Don't take it			
personally!)			
To understand that some information is gained indirectly from			
overheard conversations. To be aware that they need to ask for			
clarification if the information they've picked up has not made sense			
Key Stage 3 and 4			
To identify features that may impact on the quality of acoustics in a			
room.			
To be able to suggest modifications that would improve the room			
acoustics.			
To be confident to discuss strategies for effective lip reading with			
unfamiliar people.			
To know there are interpreting services available to aid			
communication (both ways)			
To have the confidence to address and discuss misunderstandings			
that have occurred due to a lack of deaf awareness by the hearing			
person.			
To suggest strategies to deal with these difficulties.		1	1







## Personal Understanding of Deafness Strand 4: Confidence and understanding to ensure effective communication

Please put the date in the boxes as skill level achieved.

Competence Levels: 1 = skill introduced

2 = skill emerging 3 = skill established

3 = Skill established			
	1	2	3
Pre-school			
To accept that physical contact may be used to gain attention /			
initiate communication			
To confidently ask a person to face them throughout a			
conversation			
Key Stage 1			
To demonstrate an awareness of the need to initiate			
communication differently between children and adults			
To ask for confirmation when they are unsure of what has been			
said.			
To be able to follow a conversation in a small group situation of			
two or three with support.			
Key Stage 2			
To have the confidence to inform a teacher/adult, that their			
technical equipment is not functioning correctly.			
To understand and begin to apply the etiquette of a			
conversation including turn taking, eye contact, listening skills			
and appropriate contributions.			
To begin to develop strategies, with support, that will enable			
them to participate in a group conversation or activity.			
To begin to develop strategies to repair a conversation			
(confirmation/ clarification/repetition)			
Key Stage 3 and 4			
To request strategies, in both formal and informal situations,			
that will enable them to participate in a group conversation or			
activity.			
To understand and apply the etiquette of a conversation			
including turn taking, eye contact, listening skills and			
appropriate contributions			
To have strategies to repair a conversation (confirmation/			
clarification/repetition).			
To have the confidence to explain, to an unfamiliar person, the			
strategies necessary to aid effective communication.			
	1	1	





#### **Personal Understanding of Deafness Strand 5: Transition**

Please put the date in the boxes as skill level achieved.

Competence Levels: 1 = skill introduced

> 2 = skill emerging 3 = skill established

	1	2	3
Key Stage 2			
To have an awareness of their own needs in terms of accessing			
the curriculum			
To know what a timetable is, and how to read one			
To know what the different subjects are and what they involve			
To know key people who they can go to at secondary school			
To be aware of relevant safety issues			
Key Stage 4			
To have a good understanding of their own needs in terms of			
accessing the curriculum			
To be aware of a variety of support options eg. note takers, lip			
speakers.			
To be aware of the variety of educational options at post 16			
To be aware that some colleges etc have entry requirements			
To know about the Connexions service			
To have an awareness of what reasonable adjustments			
colleges can be expected to make:			
<ul> <li>Providing support</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Providing equipment</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Special arrangements for exams</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Pastoral support</li> </ul>			
To know what public transport options are available, and			
understand how to use them			
To know about relevant benefits eg DLA			
To be aware of any safety issues relating to their chosen area			
of work			
Reyond Key Stage 4			

To know where to find information about student grants and loans

To be aware of current legislation relating to deafness and disability eg DDA

To have an awareness of what reasonable adjustments universities can be expected to make:

- Providing support
- Providing equipment
- Special arrangements for exams
- Pastoral support



